## Module 2-2 tutorial Questions

## Fundamental speed-flow-density relationships

Question 1. Four vehicles are observed travelling along a long straight section of a motorway. Two of the vehicles are travelling at $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, one is travelling at $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and the slowest is travelling at $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Clearly, a variable of interest would be the average speed for this stream of traffic. Consider a loop detector records the speed of the vehicles as they pass.
a) Calculate an average of those spot speeds. Is this the time or space mean speed?
b) Now imagine a one-kilometre section of the motorway and the time each vehicle takes to pass that section has been recorded. For each of the vehicle speeds given above, determine how long it will take them to pass the one-kilometre section.
c) Average those times and use that value to get an average speed. Is this the time or space mean speed?

Question 2. You are using some loop detector data in a project, but you suspect the data are not accurate because the occupancy is always $10 \%$. So, you plan to investigate the data by taking some speed samples with a radar gun at the location of interest. During your 5 -min observation, there are 40 vehicles with speed 40 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}, 50$ vehicles at $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and 10 vehicles at $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. The average vehicle length is about 6 m and the length of the loop detector is 2 m .

Calculate the density based on the loop detector data and the observation data and compare. Do you think the loop detector data are reliable?

| Timestamp | Vehicle count | Occupancy |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 0 0 : 0 0}$ | 100 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 0 5 : 0 0}$ | 140 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 1 0 : 0 0}$ | 90 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 1 5 : 0 0}$ | 120 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 2 0 : 0 0}$ | 70 | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 8 : 2 5 : 0 0}$ | 130 | $10 \%$ |

Question 3. The fundamental diagram of a motorway is as follows: $v=v_{\mathrm{f}}\left(1-\frac{k}{k_{\mathrm{j}}}\right)$; where $v$ is the space mean speed $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}, k$ is density veh $/ \mathrm{km}, v_{\mathrm{f}}$ is the free-flow speed $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$ and $k_{\mathrm{j}}$ is the jam density veh $/ \mathrm{km}$. A section of the motorway is known to have free-flow speed as $110 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and jam density as $120 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{km}$. Find the capacity, $q_{\text {max }}$, of the section.

