

Australia and New Zealand Roads Capability Analysis 2017-2027

6 September 2018



Today's moderator



Eliz Esteban

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About Austroads

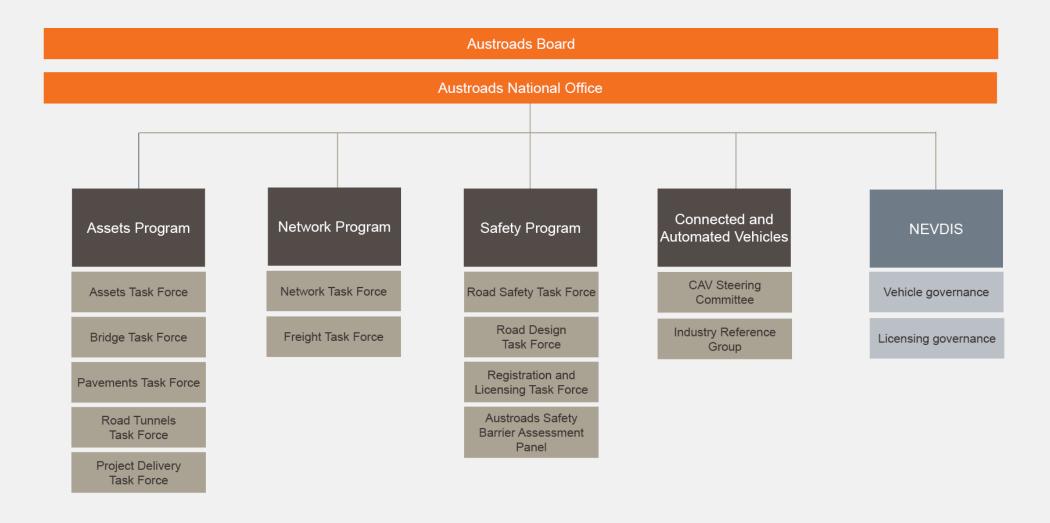


The peak organisation of Australasian road transport and traffic agencies

- Roads and Maritime Services New South Wales
- Roads Corporation Victoria
- Department of Transport and Main Roads Queensland
- Main Roads Western Australia
- Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure South Australia
- Department of State Growth Tasmania
- Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Logistics Northern Territory
- Transport Canberra and City Services Directorate, Australian Capital Territory
- Department of Infrastructure, Regional Development and Cities
- Australian Local Government Association
- New Zealand Transport Agency

Our structure





Housekeeping





Presentation = 35 mins

Question time = 15 mins





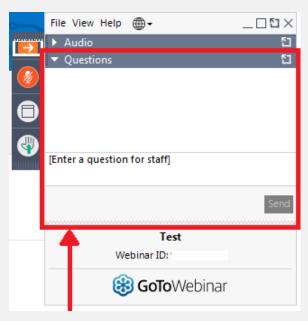




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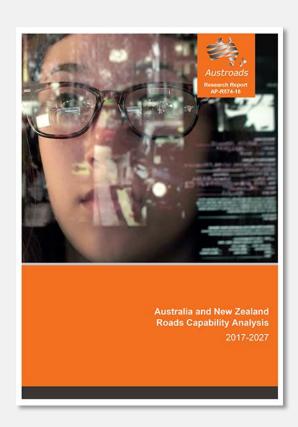


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Austroads report





Download from Austroads Website:

https://austroads.com.au/publications/agencymanagement/ap-r574-18

Today's presenters



Adrian Hart

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Agenda



Topic	Presenter		
Project Background and Introduction	Adrian Hart		
State of Play and Outlook for Roads Activity			
Quantitative Modelling Results for Roads Skills			
Industry Perspectives and Challenges			
Report Recommendations			
Q&A	Adrian Hart & Rachael Logie		



Project Background and Introduction

Adrian Hart



Introduction to team



Project Team



Tracy Jenkinson Austroads Project Manager



Adrian Hart
BIS Oxford Economics



Rachael Logie
BIS Oxford Economics

Review Team



Austroads Working Group Group



Stakeholders-Road and Traffic Authorities



Austroads Board

The Project Team





Research Goals





- Workforce capability analysis 10 years
- Engineering and non-engineering skills

- Quantitative modelling
- Qualitative insights from industry

- Challenges and Risks
- Recommendations

Roads Workforce Capability



- 2006 Initial workforce capability analysis by BIS Shrapnel
- 2009 Updated study by BIS Shrapnel
- 2013 Updated study by BIS Shrapnel
- 2017-18 This expanded study by BIS Oxford Economics
- 2016 Intelligent Mobility Skills Strategy by Transport Systems Catapult (UK)
- 2017 Highways Skills Shortage; the Ticking Time Bomb by Highways UK
- 2017 Construction Delivery Assessment by BIS Oxford Economics for iNSW
- 2017 Transport Skills Forecast by Transport and Logistics IRC

Our Approach in the 2017-18 Study

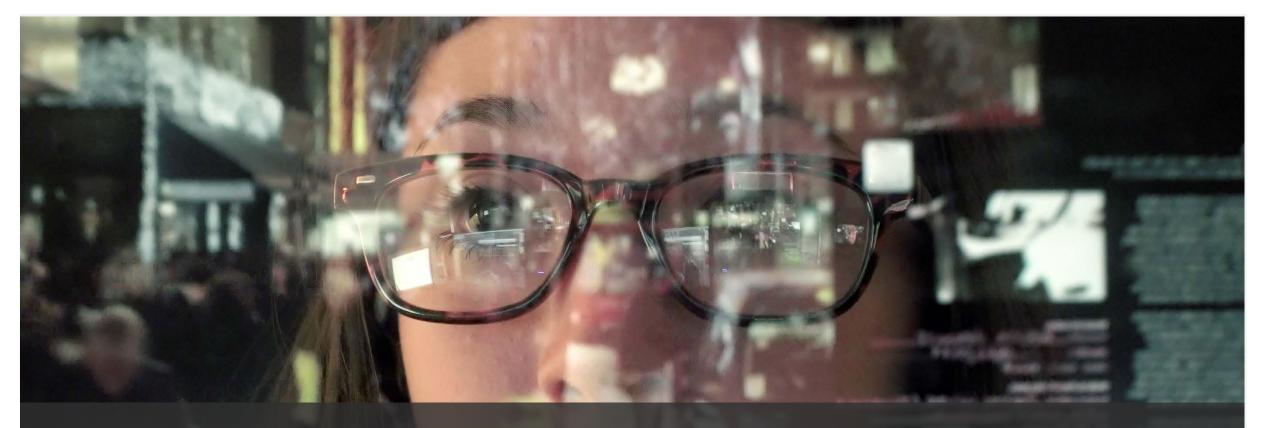


- Need to think beyond traditional engineering skills
- Need to consider technological trends over the next 20 years
- Implications for the role and function of existing roads agencies
- Quantitative analysis to estimate the potential size of the challenge
- Qualitative analysis to pinpoint:
 - Where skills gap may already exist
 - Where the risks to capability will likely arise
 - Future skills that may be required
 - Impact of new technologies on skills demand and requirements

Key Findings



- Roads agencies facing 'triple threat' to workforce capability
 - 1. A record program of infrastructure spending forecast
 - Maturing technologies will impact on type of skills demanded and funding
 - 3. The role and function of roads agencies is likely to change
- Agencies are already facing skills shortages
- Agencies face stiff competition for traditional and non-traditional skills
- Agencies will have time to adapt to some technological developments BUT
- Much needs to be done now to put capability on a sustainable path



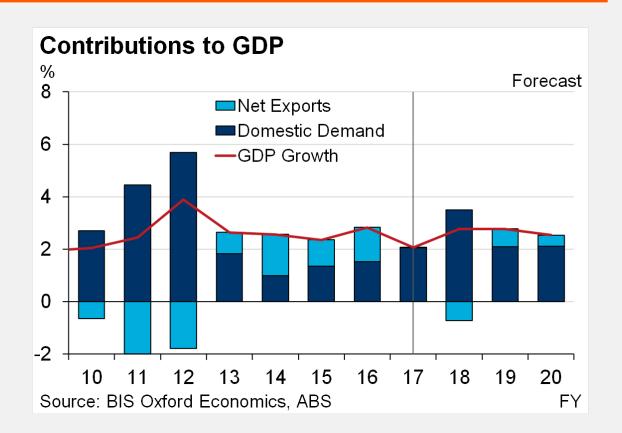
State of Play and Outlook for Roads Activity
Adrian Hart



Economic Environment – Australia



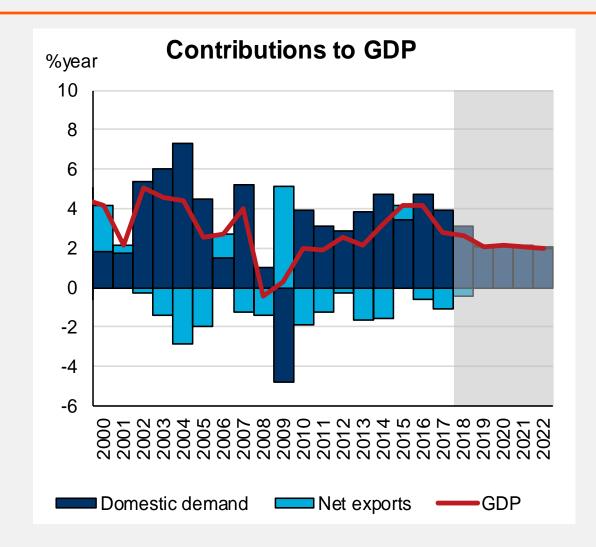
- Australian economy has picked up in FY18 with domestic demand growth the key driver
- Demand fuelled by strong growth in investment and construction, particularly in housing, transport, tourism and commercial building
- Strong population growth will support demand in future, but cycles will play out by sector and state



Economic Environment - New Zealand

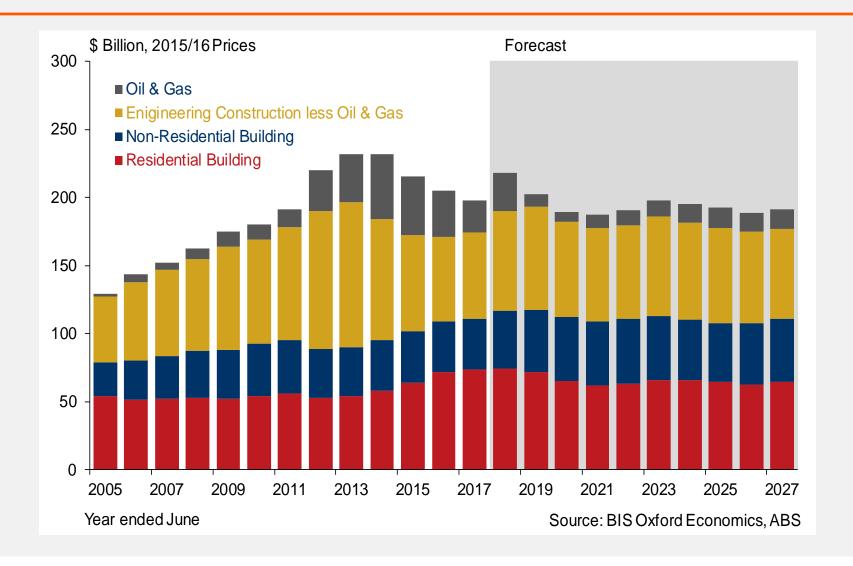


- Economic growth moderating in New Zealand in FY18 due to weakening investment, impacting on domestic demand
- Transport investment likely to rise based on road and rail programs and projects
- Weakening population growth to impact on demand for building activity in coming years



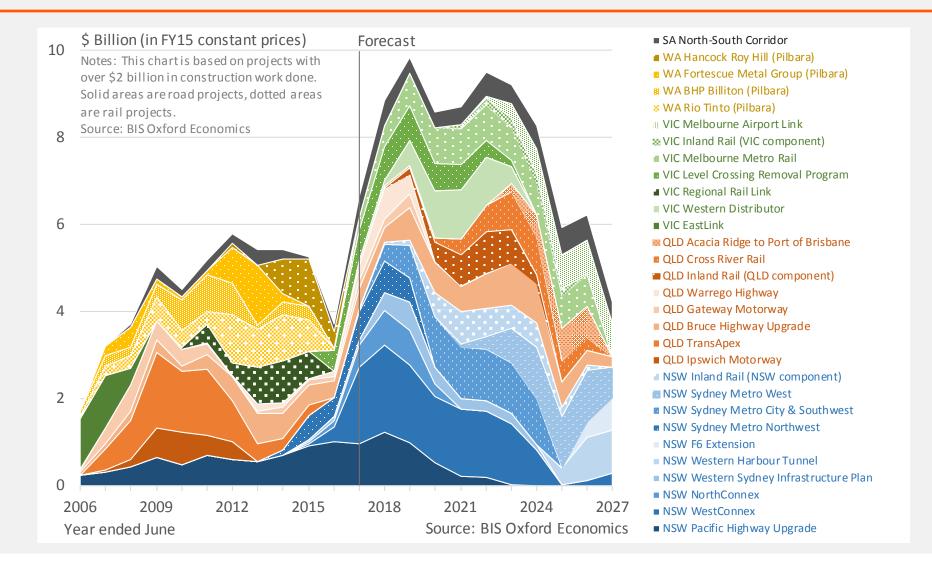
Total Construction – Australia





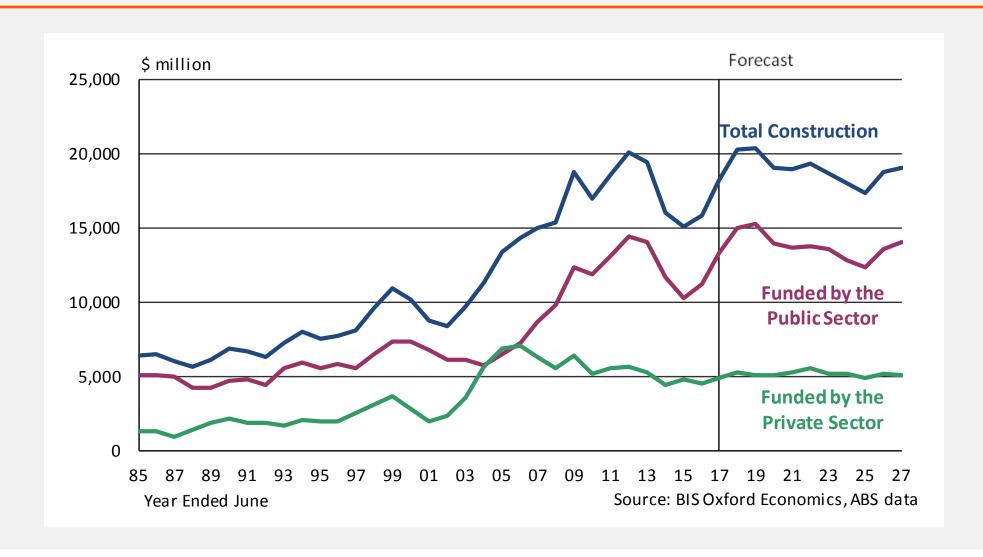
Major Transport Projects > \$2bn, Australia





Road Construction – Australia





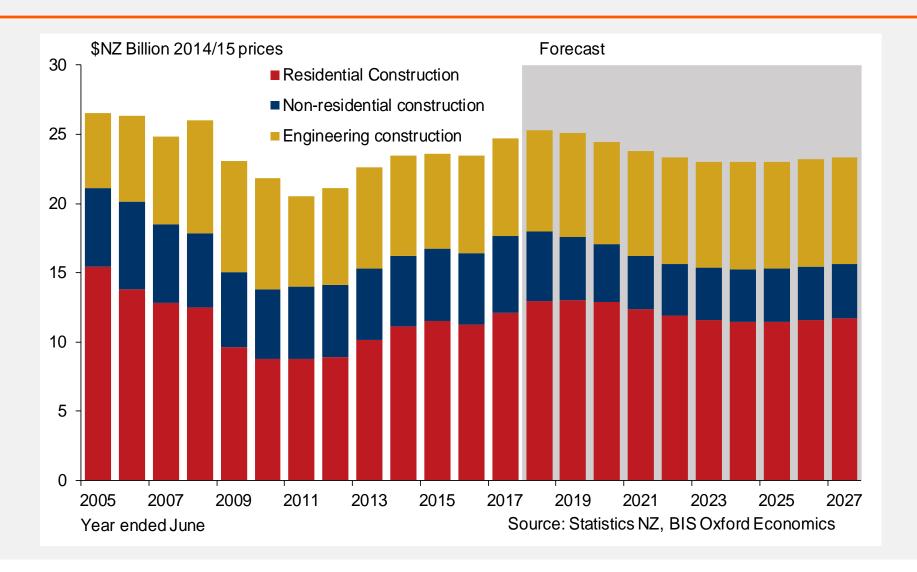
Road Construction by State – Australia





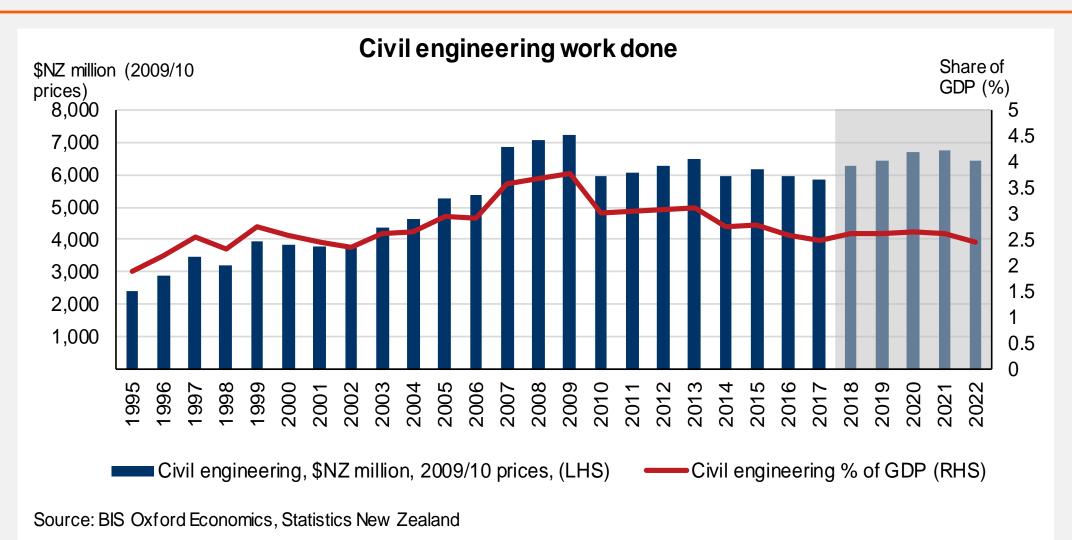
Total Construction – New Zealand





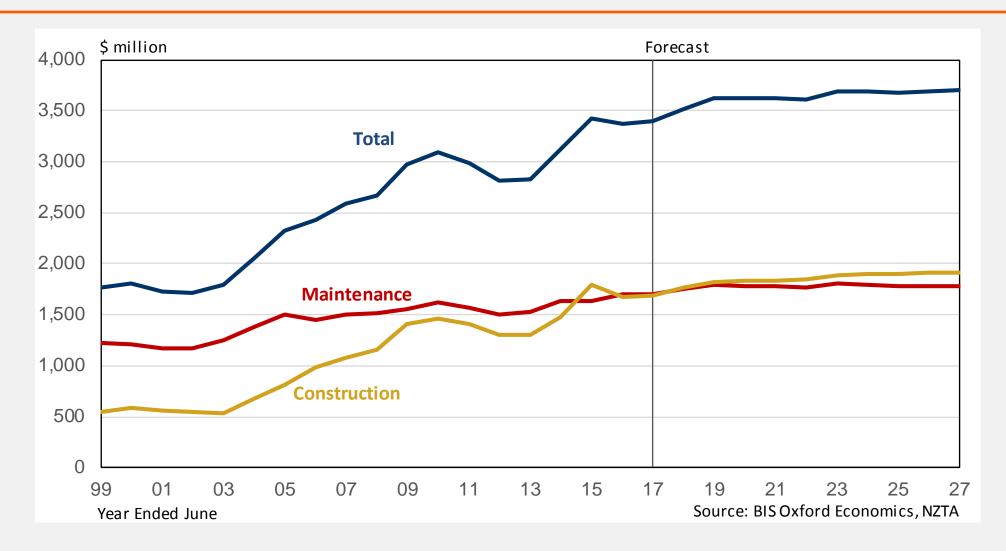
Civil Construction - New Zealand

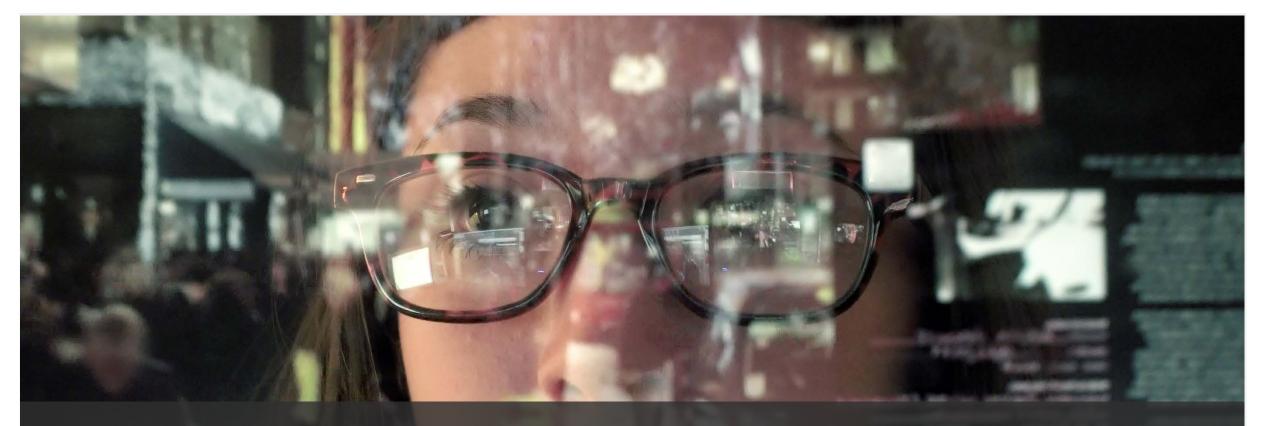




Road Construction – New Zealand







Quantitative Modelling Results for Roads Skills Adrian Hart



Defining the Roads Sector



No single 'Roads Sector' in Census or National Accounts

Skilled labour in the roads industry comes from several sectors:

- Road and Bridge Construction
- State and Local Government
- Non-Building Construction
- Professional, Scientific and Technical Services

Defining the Roads Workforce: FYA Clusters





Defining the Roads Workforce



Sector	Design Skills	Informer Skills	Technological Skills	Artisan Skills	Total
Total Construction	28,865	923	671	90,835	121,294
Building Construction	15,432	556	207	24,244	40,439
Total Non-Building Construction	5,116	119	151	6,507	11,893
Road & Bridge Construction	2,148	44	18	3,152	5,362
General Trade Construction	8,317	248	313	60,084	68,962
Public Administration & Safety	14,082	7,025	3,308	5,350	29,765
Federal Government	1,648	1,077	649	24	3,398
State Government	4,099	2,640	1,230	286	8,255
Local Government	4,830	2,006	388	2,931	10,155
Other	3,505	1,302	1,041	2,109	7,957
Professional Services	22,860	10,476	27,224	2,821	63,381
Other Sectors	46,952	26,193	32,593	66,885	172,623
Total All Sectors	112,732	44,607	63,857	165,865	387,061
Total Roads Workforce	10,540	3,081	3,945	7,518	25,083
Public Roads Workforce	6,928	1,734	469	6,226	15,357

Source: BIS Oxford Economics, ABS Data

Workforce Attrition

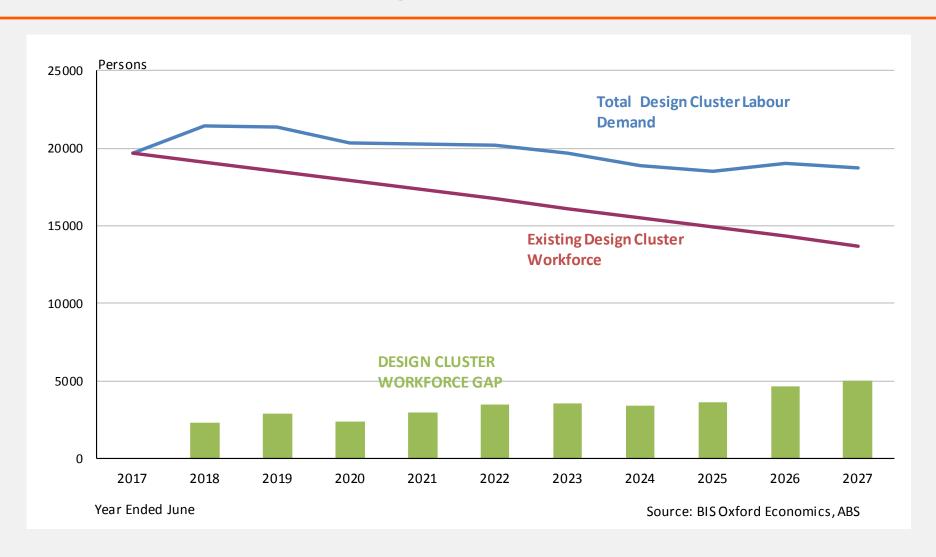


	Total Artisan	Total Design	Total Other
Age	Workforce	Workforce	Workforce
Bracket	(Australia)	(Australia)	(Australia)
15-24	16.7%	2.1%	1.2%
25-34	23.9%	22.4%	17.9%
35-44	24.0%	23.3%	33.2%
45-54	20.6%	25.4%	28.2%
55-59	7.4%	14.0%	10.8%
60-65	5.0%	9.2%	7.2%
65-69	1.8%	2.9%	1.1%
70+	0.6%	0.7%	0.3%
Total	100%	100%	100%

Source: BIS Oxford Economics, ABS Data

Workforce Gaps - Designer Cluster, Australia





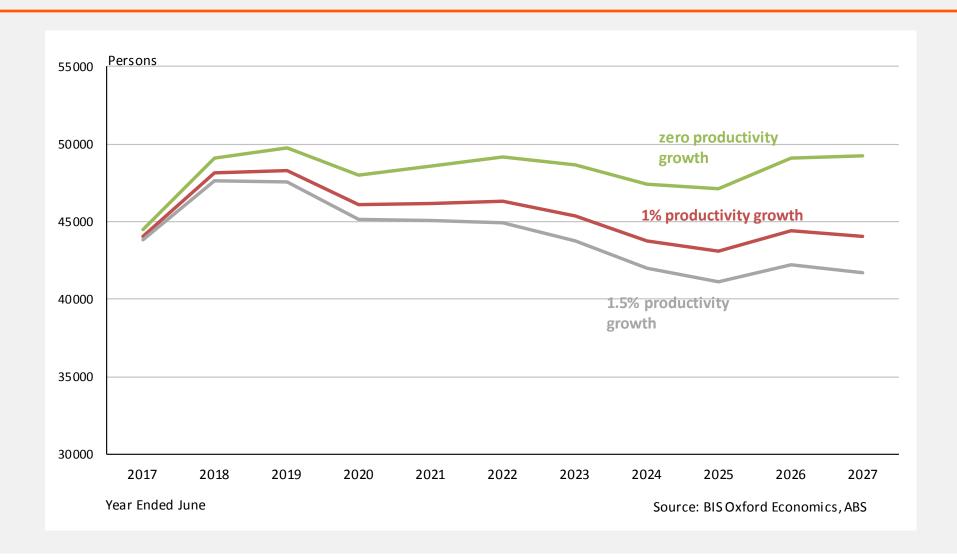
Workforce Gaps - Designer Cluster, New Zealand





Scenarios – Australian Roads Labour Demand





Technology Scenarios



Constrained World

- Higher technological disruption
- Constrained response from governments and agencies
- Increased road use and limited funding

Technology and Response

- Higher technological disruption
- Full policy response by governments and agencies
- More efficient use of roads and greater funding

Technology Scenarios



Constrained World

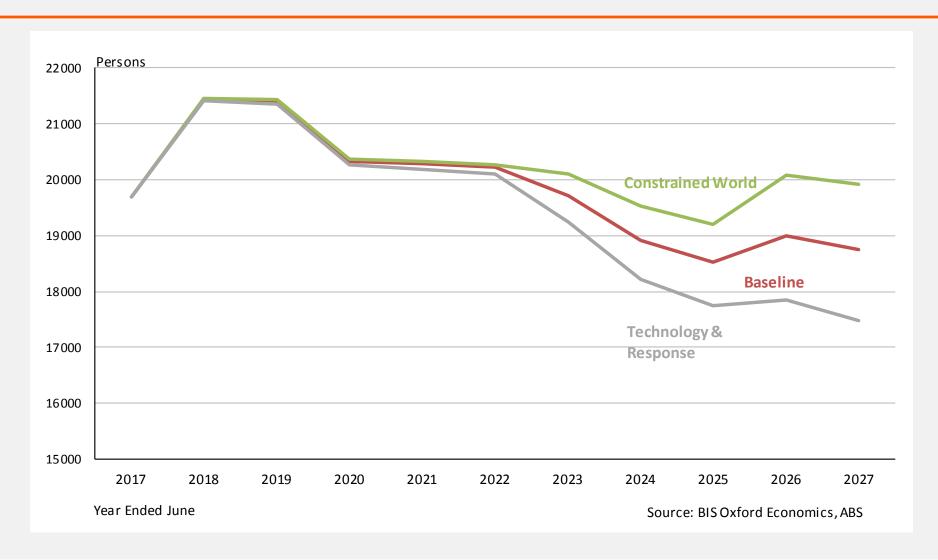
- Higher construction and maintenance requirements
- Weaker productivity growth in the long term
- Increased share of designer skills at expense of other skills

Technology and Response

- Lower construction and maintenance requirements
- Stronger productivity growth in the long term
- Reduced share of designer skills and higher share of other skills

Scenarios – Design Cluster, Australia





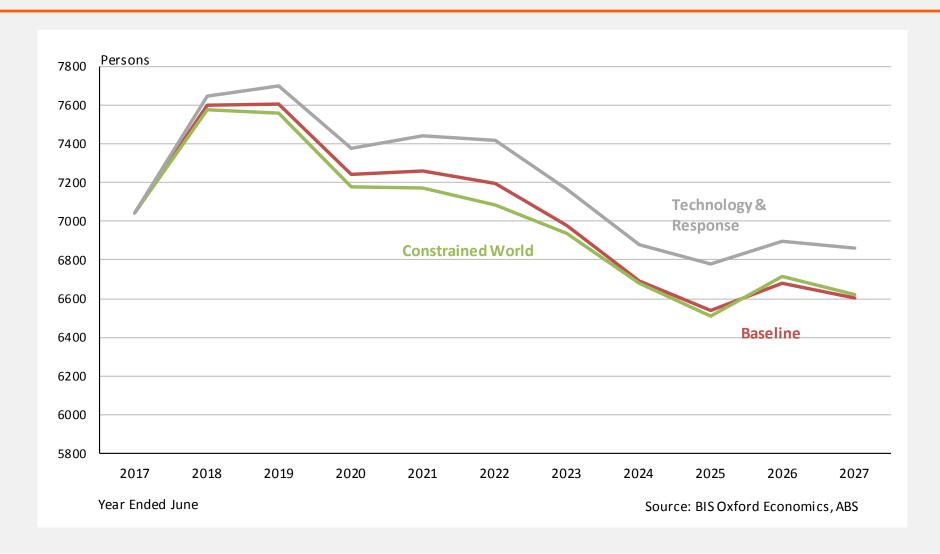
Scenarios – Artisan Cluster, Australia





Scenarios - Other Cluster, Australia





Quantitative Modelling Results



Baseline Scenario (Business as Usual)

Rising workforce gaps for all skills clusters, worsening long term (after FY22)

Technology and Response Scenario

- Much higher workforce gap for Informers and Technologists
- Lower workforce gaps for Designers and Artisans

Constrained World Scenario

- Lower workforce gap for Other skills initially, but higher longer term
- Higher workforce gaps for Designers and Artisans

Limitations of Modelling



Assumes 'equilibrium' in the base year (2016/17)

Evidence points to skills shortages being already apparent

Does not adequately reflect the loss of highly skilled labour

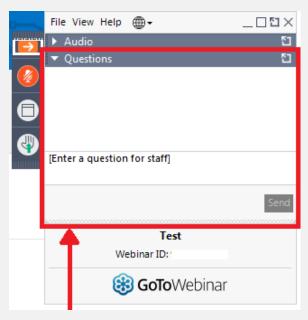
- Workers with many years of experience will retire over the coming decade
- Assumes skills can be replaced by new graduates, migration or industry

May not adequately reflect pull on resources from other industries

- Risks ahead from large rail investment programme
- Other sectors (e.g. mining) may also pull labour from roads industry

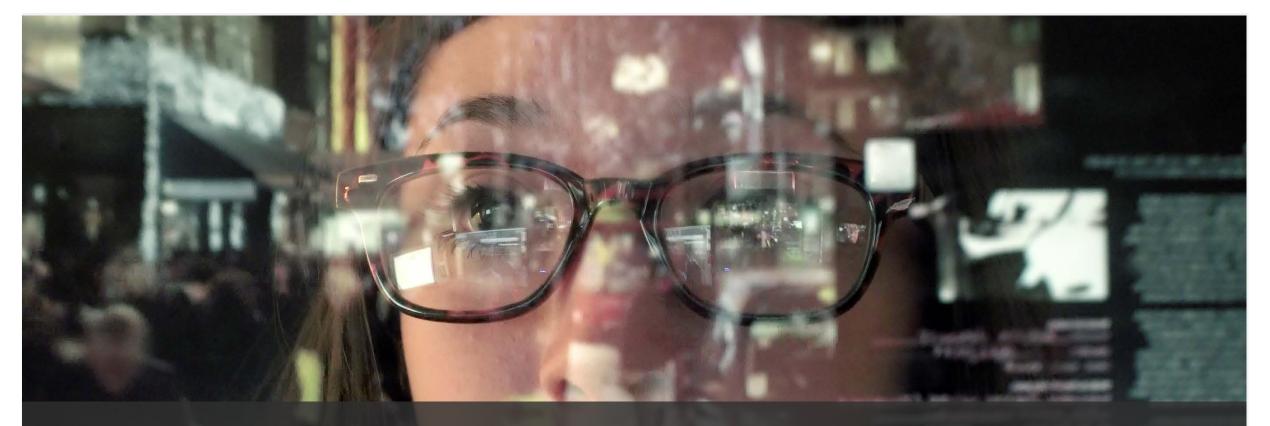
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Industry Perspectives and Challenges

Adrian Hart



Qualitative Methodology



Industry liaison to address limitations to quantitative approaches

• Includes other industries, education, local government, agencies

Industry Survey

- Quantitative feedback on industry issues, risks and potential solutions
- Use of Likert scales to rank results

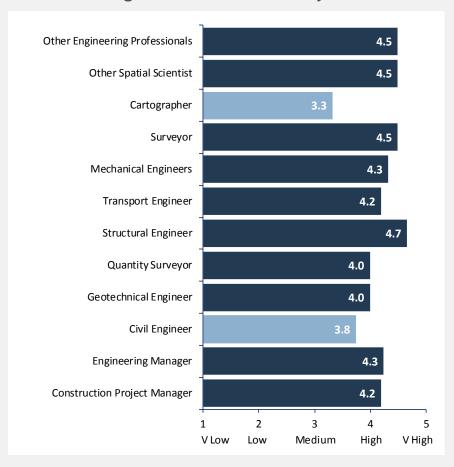
Deeper Dive Interviews

- 32 interviews conducted through September November 2017
- Key themes developed
- Confidentialised responses directly included into report

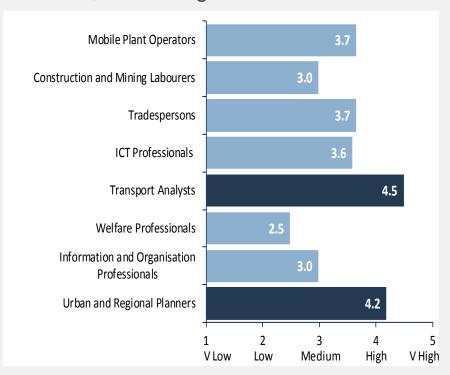
Survey Results – Level of Recruiting Difficulty



Design skills – University trained



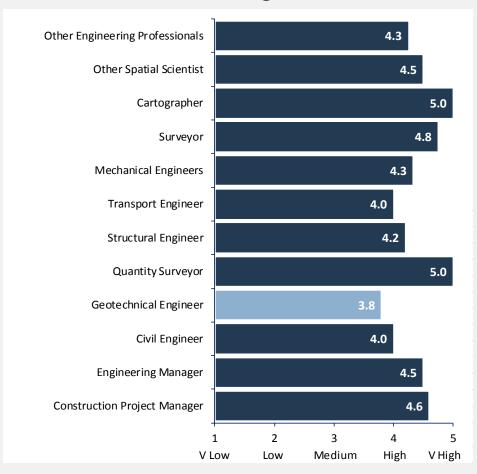
Inform, Technological and Artisan skills



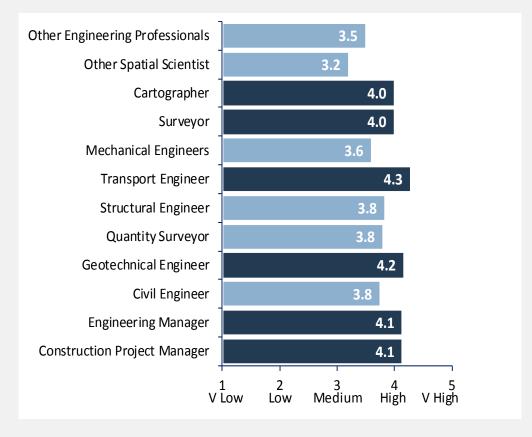
Survey Results – Where Will Shortages Arise?



Roads Agencies



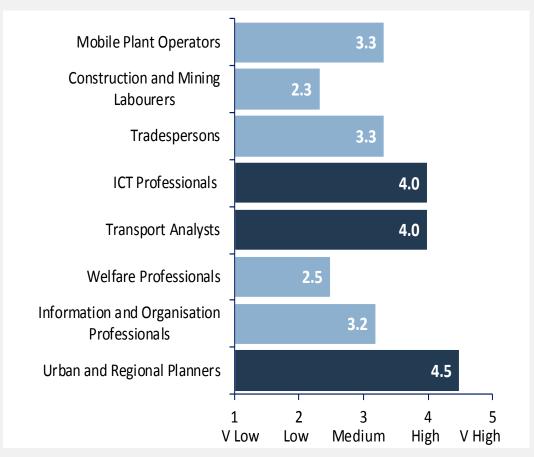
Other Industries



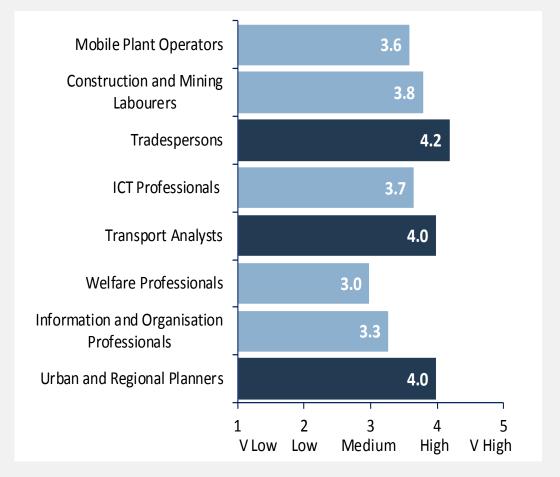
Survey Results – Where Will Shortages Arise?



Roads Agencies



Other Industries





Existing skills shortages

- 'On site' engineering and construction skills contractors & local government
- Estimators and project controls
- Pavement engineering local government
- Procurement (informed purchaser) agencies and local government
- Data management and tactical / real time network operations
- Transport economists
- Asset management



Future Skills Required

- Asset management skills to provide holistic approach to custodianship
- Network operations skills both tactical and in real time
- Technological skills to develop and secure data systems
- Analytical skills to interpret large volumes of data and make decisions
- Economics skills to develop robust business cases and funding methods
- Behavioural skills to anticipate human reactions to new technologies
- 'Soft skills' to communicate ideas & solve problems in midst of disruption
- Asset management



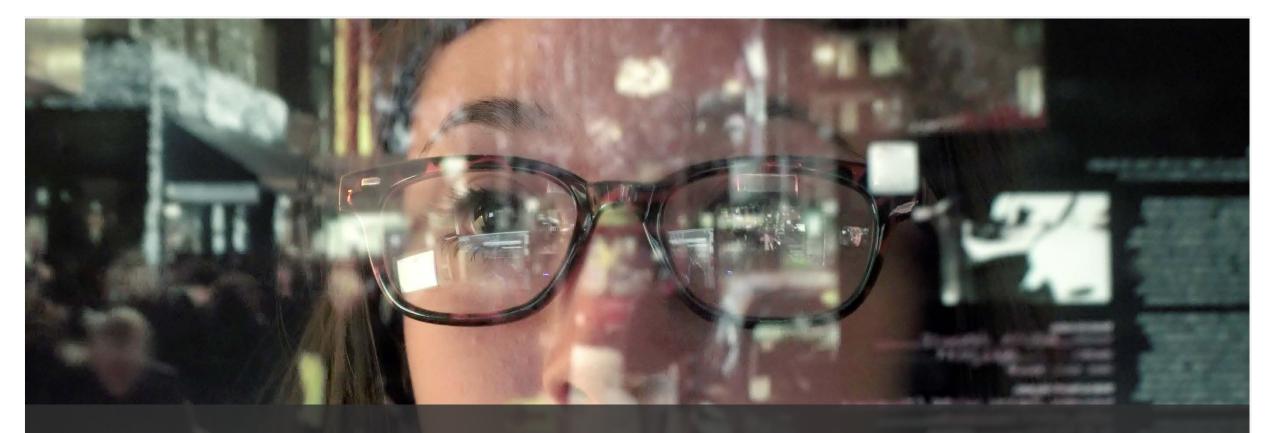
Impact of New Technologies

- CAV ranked biggest threat engineering, legal, commercial skills
- CAV also to change regulatory environment prescriptive vs outcomes based
- CAV impact on funding
- Transition period to CAV long period of mixed use
- Impact of C-ITS, MaaS and electric vehicles
- Moving data and services online



Other Risks to Workforce Capability Identified

- Inability to attract skills due to pay or regional differences
- Demographic and cultural challenges
- Insufficient or mismatched skills from the education sector
- Institutional roadblocks
- Need to develop partnering culture



Report Recommendations

Adrian Hart



Potential Timing of Capability Threats



0-5 years (to 2022)	5-10 years (to 2027)	10-20 years (to 2037)
Demand / supply pressures		
Rising level of roads activity	Sustained high roads activity	Rising maintenance tasks
Competing industry demands	Competing industry demands	Unknown
Rapidly ageing workforce	Rapidly ageing workforce	Ageing workforce
Falling rates of migration	Stabilising rates of migration	Unknown
Falling STEM study in schools	Unknown	Unknown
Vehicle technologies (C.A.S.E.)		
ITS only	Emerging C-ITS	C-ITS
Mostly semi-autonomous vehicles	Emerging Level 4 and 5 CAV	Increasing share of Level 4 and 5 CAV
Ride sharing services (e.g. Uber)	Emerging MaaS systems	Advanced MaaS systems
Mostly non-electric vehicles (EVs)	Increasing share of EVs	Majority of new vehicles sold are EVs
Other technologies		
Big data and BIM	Big data and BIM / systems	Machine learning and AI
Agency role and function		
Roads and Transport	Increasing Transport integration	Transport and Liveable Cities
Highly prescriptive regulation	Increasing outcomes approaches	Non-prescriptive regulation
Engineering & network operations	Increasing ops & asset mgment	Optimising transport networks and use
Funding / road user charging		
	Introducing hoovy vohicle PLIC	Introducing broad based BLIC
Licencing and fuel taxes	Introducing heavy vehicle RUC	Introducing broad-based RUC

Challenges and Potential Solutions



Meeting 'traditional' skills challenges

- Maximising industry skills base pipelines, procurement, education & training
- Using procurement as a skills strategy
- Targeting skills in regional areas pooling, cadetships, network opportunities
- Strengthening workforce retention at all life cycle stages

Challenges and Potential Solutions



Meeting 'non-traditional' skills challenges

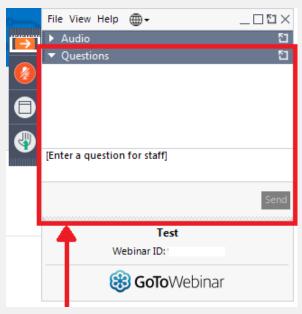
- Stronger engagement with the education sector
- Partnering with industry

"the answer may be... to identify ways we can bring in others to solve problems.

We can be a good broker, rather than trying to do it all."

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Questions?



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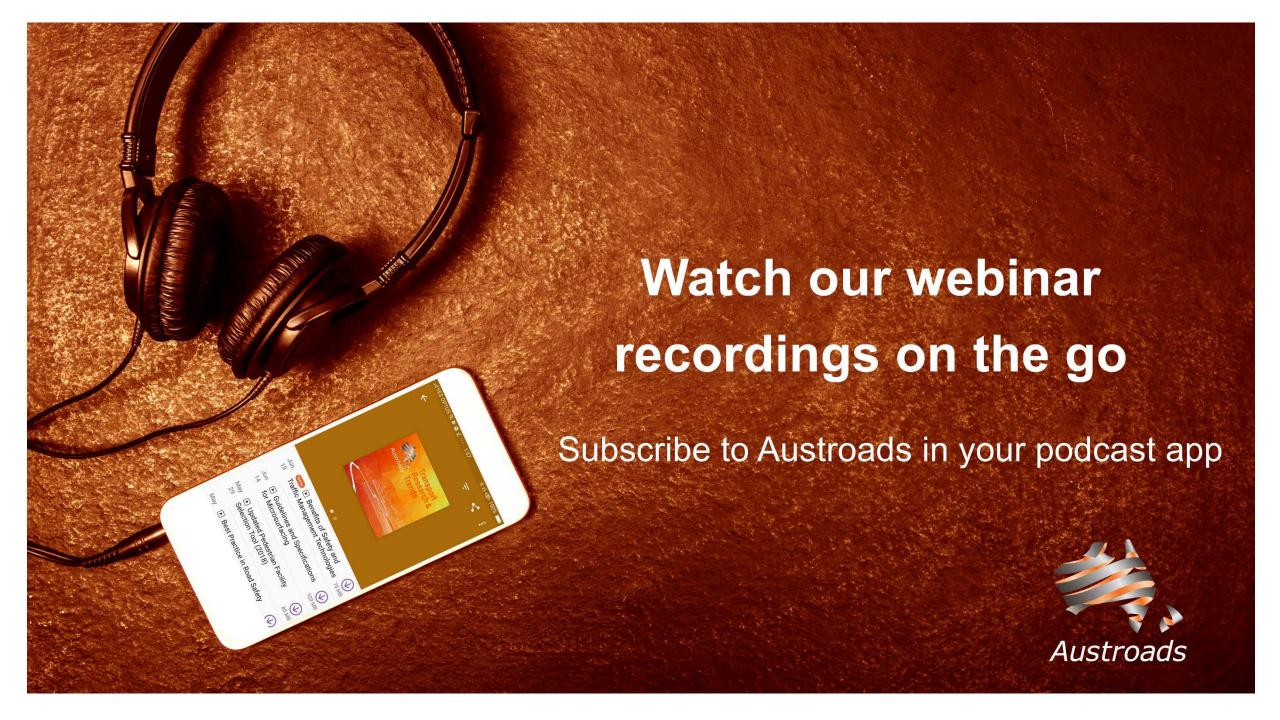


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Topic	Date
Minimum Levels of Componentisation for Road Infrastructure Assets	11 September
Guide to Project Delivery Part 5: Road Construction Quality Assurance	20 September
Operations of Automated Heavy Vehicles in Remote and Regional Areas	25 September

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